

Withholding Preference Certificate Federal and Oklahoma State Income Tax

Federal and state law requires the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) to withhold income tax from your benefit payment. If you do not file a withholding preference, OPERS is required by law to assume you are married and claiming three allowances for both federal and state withholding. OPERS will automatically withhold federal and state income tax if your benefit is large enough to require withholdings. You have the right to change your withholding at any time by completing and submitting a new withholding form. For more complete instructions regarding your withholding options, consult the instructions and worksheets provided with this form or the IRS' Form W-4P which is available at www.irs.gov. Please type or print in ink the information on this form, separate from the instructions, and submit the form to OPERS. Forms received after the 5th day of the month will be processed in the following month.

MEMBER INFORMATION

Name (First, Middle, Last)			Social Security number								
			'								

Mailing address (Street or Rural Route, City, State, Zip+4)

Phone number

Email address

FEDERAL WITHHOLDING

Choose from one of the following options for your federal withholding.

No Federal Taxes		Federal Withholding				
	OR	Complete this section if you want to withhold based on the federal tax withholding tables:				
Check here if you do not want any federal income tax withheld from your pension.		Marital status (select one): Single Married Married, but withhold at higher Single rate. Enter number of allowances:				

(OKLAHOMA) STATE WITHHOLDING

Choose from one of the following options for your state withholding.

No State Taxes		Oklahoma State Withholding					
Check here if you do not want any Oklahoma income tax withheld from your pension.	OR	Complete this section if you want to withhold based on the Oklahoma tax withholding tables: Marital status (select one): Single Married Married, but withhold at higher Single rate. Enter number of allowances:					

SIGNATURE

I have reviewed the information on this form including the instructions and worksheets and hereby submit this statement of preference regarding how my benefit is to be treated for purposes of federal and state income tax withholdings. I understand this election revokes any previous withholding preferences I have made with OPERS.

Signature

Instructions and Worksheets for Withholding Certificate

For more complete instructions regarding your withholding options, consult the IRS' website (www.irs.gov), particularly the Instructions to Form W-4P or Publication 575, Pension and Annuity Income.

If you already have a valid *Withholding Preference Certificate* on file with OPERS, you do not need to submit a new form unless you want to change or revoke your prior tax withholding election. For a pension or annuity payment, the tax rates applied to your benefit are based on withholding tables provided by the U.S. Treasury Department and Oklahoma Tax Commission. NOTE: If you live outside of Oklahoma and elect to have state taxes withheld on your OPERS benefits, those amounts are remitted to the Oklahoma Tax Commission, not the taxing authority of your state of residence.

Purpose. This Form is for U.S. citizens, resident aliens, or their estates who are recipients of pensions, annuities (including commercial annuities), and certain other deferred compensation. Use this Form to tell OPERS the correct amount of federal income tax to withhold from your payment(s). You also may use this form to choose (a) not to have any federal income tax withheld from the payment (except for eligible rollover distributions or for payments to U.S. citizens to be delivered outside the United States or its possessions) or (b) to have an additional amount of tax withheld.

OPERS will not withhold any federal tax if the taxable portion of your annual payment is less than \$23,880 (\$1,990 per month).

General Instructions

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code. Follow these instructions to determine the number of withholding allowances you should claim for pension or annuity payment withholding and any additional amount of tax to have withheld. Complete the worksheet(s) using the taxable amount of the payments. If you don't want any federal income tax withheld (see *Purpose*, earlier), you can skip the worksheets and go directly to the Form.

Sign this form. The Form is not valid unless you sign it.

You can also use the calculator at **www.irs.gov/W4App** to determine your tax withholding more accurately. Consider using this calculator if you have a more complicated tax situation, such as if you have more than one pension or annuity, a working spouse, or a large amount of income outside of your pensions. After your Form takes effect, you can also use this calculator to see how the amount of tax you're having withheld compares to your projected total tax for 2018. If you use the calculator, you don't need to complete any of the worksheets for this Form.

Note that if you have too much tax withheld, you will receive a refund when you file your tax return. If you have too little tax withheld, you will owe tax when you file your tax return, and you might owe a penalty.

Filers with multiple pensions or more than one income. If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension or a pension and a job, or you're married and your spouse is working), read all of the instructions, including the instructions for the Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet, before beginning.

Other income. If you have a large amount of income from other sources not subject to withholding (such as interest, dividends, or capital gains), consider making estimated tax payments using Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals. Otherwise, you might owe additional tax. See Pub. 505, Tax Withholding and Estimated Tax, for more information. Get Form 1040-ES and Pub. 505 at *www.irs.gov/FormsPubs*. Or, you can use the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet or the calculator at *www.irs.gov/W4App* to make sure you have enough tax withheld from your payments. If you have income from wages, see Pub. 505 or use the calculator at *www.irs.gov/W4App* to find out if you should adjust your withholding on this Form.

Note: Social security and railroad retirement payments may be includible in income. See Form W-4V, Voluntary Withholding Request, for information on voluntary withholding from these payments.

Withholding From Pensions and Annuities

Generally, federal income tax withholding applies to the taxable part of payments made from pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, annuity, and certain deferred compensation plans; from individual retirement arrangements (IRAs); and from commercial annuities. The method and rate of withholding depend on (a) the kind of payment you receive; (b) whether the payments are to be delivered outside the United States or its possessions; and (c) whether the recipient is a nonresident alien individual, a nonresident alien beneficiary, or a foreign estate. Qualified distributions from a Roth IRA are nontaxable and, therefore, not subject to withholding.

See page 3 for special withholding rules that apply to payments to be delivered outside the United States and payments to foreign persons.

Because your tax situation may change from year to year, you may want to refigure your withholding each year. You can change the amount to be withheld by using this Form.

Choosing not to have income tax withheld. You (or in the event of death, your beneficiary or estate) can choose not to have federal income tax withheld from your payments by using this Form. For an estate, the election to have no income tax withheld may be made by the executor or personal representative of the decedent. Enter the estate's employer identification number (EIN) in the area reserved for "Your Social Security number" on the Form.

You may not make this choice for eligible rollover distributions. See *Eligible rollover distribution—20% withholding* below.

Caution: There are penalties for not paying enough federal income tax during the year, either through withholding or estimated tax payments. New retirees, especially, should see Pub. 505. It explains your estimated tax requirements and describes penalties in detail. You may be able to avoid quarterly estimated tax payments by having enough tax withheld from your pension or annuity.

Periodic payments. Withholding from periodic payments of a pension or annuity is figured in the same manner as withholding from wages. Periodic payments are made in installments at regular intervals over a period of more than one year. They may be paid annually, quarterly, monthly, etc.

If you want federal income tax to be withheld, you must designate the number of withholding allowances and indicate your marital status by checking the appropriate box. You can't designate a specific dollar amount to be withheld. However, you can designate an additional amount to be withheld.

If you don't want any federal income tax withheld from your periodic payments, check the box on the Form and submit the form to your payer. However, see *Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments To Be Delivered Outside the United States*.

Caution: If you don't submit the Form to your payer, the payer must withhold on periodic payments as if you're married claiming three withholding allowances. Generally, this means that tax will be withheld if the taxable amount of your pension or annuity is at least \$1,990 a month.

If you submit a Form that doesn't contain your correct Social Security number (SSN), the payer must withhold as if you're single claiming zero withholding allowances even if you checked the box to have no federal income tax withheld.

There are some kinds of periodic payments for which you can't use the Form because they're already defined as wages subject to federal income tax withholding. These payments include retirement pay for service in the U.S. Armed Forces and payments from certain nonqualified deferred compensation plans and tax-exempt organizations' deferred compensation plans described in section 457. Your payer should be able to tell you whether the Form applies.

For periodic payments, your Form stays in effect until you change or revoke it. Your payer must notify you each year of your right to choose not to have federal income tax withheld (if permitted) or to change your choice.

Tax relief for victims of terrorist attacks. For tax years ending after September 10, 2001, disability payments for injuries incurred as a direct result of a terrorist attack directed against the United States (or its allies), whether outside or within the United States, aren't included in income. You may check the box on the Form and submit the form to your payer to have no federal income tax withheld from these disability payments. However, you must include in your income any amounts that you received or you would've received in retirement had you not become disabled as a result of a terrorist attack. See Pub. 3920, Tax Relief for Victims of Terrorist Attacks, for more details.

Changing Your "No Withholding" Choice

Periodic payments. If you previously chose not to have federal income tax withheld and you now want withholding, complete another Form and submit it to your payer. If you want federal income tax withheld at the 2018 default rate (married with three allowances), write "Revoked" on the form. If you want tax withheld at any different rate, complete the form.

Payments to Foreign Persons and Payments To Be Delivered Outside the United States

Unless you're a nonresident alien, withholding (in the manner described above) is required on any periodic or nonperiodic payments that are to be delivered to you outside the United States or its possessions. You can't choose not to have federal income tax withheld on the Form. See Pub. 505 for details.

In the absence of a tax treaty exemption, nonresident aliens, nonresident alien beneficiaries, and foreign estates generally are subject to a 30% federal withholding tax under section 1441 on the taxable portion of a periodic or nonperiodic pension or annuity payment that is from U.S. sources. However, most tax treaties provide that private pensions and annuities are exempt from withholding and tax. Also, payments from certain pension plans are exempt from withholding even if no tax treaty applies. See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities, and Pub. 519, U.S. Tax Guide for Aliens, for details. A foreign person should submit Form W-8BEN, Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding and Reporting, to the payer before receiving any payments. The Form W-8BEN must contain the foreign person's taxpayer identification number (TIN).

Statement of Federal Income Tax Withheld From Your Pension or Annuity

By January 31 of next year, your payer will furnish a statement to you on Form 1099-R, Distributions From Retirement Plans, Insurance Contracts, etc., showing the total amount of your pension or annuity payments and the total federal income tax withheld during the year. If you're a foreign person who has provided your payer with Form W-8BEN, your payer instead will furnish a statement to you on Form 1042-S, Foreign Person's U.S. Source Income Subject to Withholding, by March 15 of next year.

Specific Instructions

Personal Allowances Worksheet

Complete this worksheet first to determine the number of withholding allowances to claim.

Line C. *Head of household please note:* Generally, you can claim head of household filing status on your tax return only if you're unmarried and pay more than 50% of the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and a qualifying individual. See Pub. 501 for more information about filing status.

Line E. Child tax credit. When you file your tax return, you might be eligible to claim a credit for each of your qualifying children. To qualify, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31 and must be your dependent who lives with you for more than half the year. To learn more about this credit, see Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit. To reduce the tax withheld from your payments by taking this credit into account, follow the instructions on line E of the worksheet. On the worksheet you will be asked about your total income. For this purpose, total income includes all of your pensions, wages, and other income, including income earned by a spouse, during the year.

Line F. Credit for other dependents. When you file your tax return, you might be eligible to claim a credit for each of your dependents that don't qualify for the child tax credit, such as any dependent children age 17 and older. To learn more about this credit, see Pub. 505. To reduce the tax withheld from your payments by taking this credit into account, follow the instructions on line F of the worksheet. On the worksheet, you will be asked about your total income. For this purpose, total income includes all of your pensions, wages, and other income, including income earned by a spouse, during the year.

Line G. Other credits. You might be able to reduce the tax withheld from your payments if you expect to claim other tax credits, such as the earned income tax credit and tax credits for education and child care expenses. If you do so, your payments will be larger but the amount of any refund that you receive when you file your tax return will be smaller. Follow the instructions for Worksheet 1-6 in Pub. 505 if you want to reduce your withholding to take these credits into account.

Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet

Complete this worksheet to determine if you're able to reduce the tax withheld from your pension or annuity payments to account for your itemized deductions and other adjustments to income, such as IRA contributions. If you do so, your refund at the end of the year will be smaller, but your payments will be larger. You're not required to complete this worksheet or reduce your withholding if you don't wish to do so.

You can also use this worksheet to figure out how much to increase the tax withheld from your payments if you have a large amount of other income, such as interest, dividends, or capital gains.

Another option is to take these items into account and make your withholding more accurate by using the calculator at *www.irs.gov/W4App*. If you use the calculator, you don't need to complete any of the worksheets for the Form.

Multiple Pensions/More-Than-One-Income Worksheet

Complete this worksheet if you receive more than one pension, if you have a pension and a job, or if you're married filing jointly and have a working spouse or a spouse who received a pension. If you don't complete this worksheet, you might have too little tax withheld. If so, you will owe tax when you file your tax return and might be subject to a penalty.

Figure the total number of allowances you're entitled to claim and any additional amount of tax to withhold on all pensions using worksheets from only one Form. Claim all allowances on the Form that you or your spouse file for the highest paying pension in your family and claim zero allowances on Forms W-4P filed for all other pensions. For example, if you receive \$60,000 from your pension per year and your spouse receives \$20,000 from a pension, you should complete the worksheets to determine what to enter on your Form, and your spouse should enter zero ("-0-") on his or her Form. See Pub. 505 for details.

Another option is to use the calculator at www.irs.gov/W4App to figure your withholding more precisely.

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice

We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You're required to provide this information only if you want to (a) request federal income tax withholding from periodic pension or annuity payments based on your withholding allowances and marital status; (b) request additional federal income tax withholding from your pension or annuity; (c) choose not to have federal income tax withheld, when permitted; or (d) change or revoke a previous Form W-4P. To do any of the aforementioned, you're required by sections 3405(e) and 6109 and their regulations to provide the information requested on this form. Failure to provide this information may result in inaccurate withholding on your payment(s). Providing false or fraudulent information may subject you to penalties.

Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation, and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You're not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

	Personal Allowances Worksheet (Keep for your records.)								
Α	Enter "1" for yourself	Α							
В	Enter "1" if you will file as married filing jointly	В							
С	Enter "1" if you will file as head of household	с							
D	Enter "1" if: • You're single, or married filing separately, and have only one pension; or • You're married filing jointly, have only one pension, and your spouse has no income subject to withholding; or • Your income from a second pension or a job or your spouse's pension or wages (or the total of all) are \$1,500 or less.	D							
E	 Child tax credit. See Pub. 972, child Tax Credit, for more information. If your total income will be less than \$69,801 (\$101,401 if married filing jointly), enter "4" for each eligible child. If your total income will be from \$69,801 to \$175,550 (\$101,401 to \$339,000 if married filing jointly), enter "2" for each eligible child. If your total income will be from \$175,551 to \$200,000 (\$339,001 to \$400,000 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for each eligible child. If your total income will be from \$175,551 to \$200,000 (\$339,001 to \$400,000 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for each eligible child. If your total income will be higher than \$200,000 (\$400,000 if married filing jointly), enter "-0-" 	Е							
F	 If your total income will be less than \$69,801 (\$101,401 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for each eligible dependent. If your total income will be from \$69,801 to \$175,550 (\$101,401 to \$339,000 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for each eligible dependent. If your total income will be from \$69,801 to \$175,550 (\$101,401 to \$339,000 if married filing jointly), enter "1" for every two dependents (for example, "-0-" for one dependent, "1" if you have two or three dependents, and "2" if you have four dependents. 								
	• If your total income will be higher than \$175,550 (\$339,000 if married filing jointly), enter "-0-"								
G	G Other credits. If you have other credits, see Worksheet 1-6 of Pub. 505 and enter the amount from that worksheet here								
н	Add lines A through G and enter the total here \ldots	н							
	 For accuracy, complete all worksheets that apply. If you plan to itemize or claim adjustments to income and want to reduce your withholding, or if you have a large amount of other income and want to increase your withholding, see the Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet, later. If you have more than one source of income subject to withholding or are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both have income subject to withholding and your combined income from all sources exceeds \$52,000 (\$24,000 if married filing jointly), see the Multiple Pensions/More-Than- 								
	 One-Income Worksheet on page 5 to avoid having too little tax withheld. If neither of the above situations applies, stop here and enter the number from line H as the number of allowances on the Form. 								

Deductions, Adjustments, and Additional Income Worksheet											
Note: Use this worksheet only if you plan to itemize deductions, claim certain adjustments to income, or have a large amount of other income.											
1	 Enter an estimate of your 2018 itemized deductions. These include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% 										
	of your income. See Pub. 505 for details 1 \$ Enter: \$24,000 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) 2 \$ \$18,000 if you're head of household 2 \$ \$12,000 if you're single or married filing separately 3 \$										
2	Enter: { \$18	3,000 if you're h	ead of household		+		2 <u>\$</u>				
•	\$12 \$12	2,000 if you're si	ingle or married filing sep	barately	J		2				
3							3 <u>\$</u>				
4	Enter an estimate of your 2018 adjustments to income and any additional standard deduction for age or blindness (see Pub. 505 for information about these items)										
5											
6											
7					ne amount in parentheses		7 <u>\$</u>				
8					a negative amount, enter		0				
9											
10					you plan to use the Multip l						
	Income Worksh	eet, also enter	this total on line 1 belo	w. Otherwise,	stop						
	here and enter t	his total as the i					· · · · · · 10				
			Multiple Pensio	ns/More-Th	an-One-Income Wor	ksheet					
Note: Use this worksheet only if the instructions under line H from the Personal Allowances Worksheet direct you here. This applies if you (and your spouse if married filing jointly) have more than one source of income subject to withholding (such as more than one pension, or a pension and a job, or you have a pension and your spouse works).											
1			sonal Allowances Work								
2	Find the number	r in Table 1 belo	w that applies to the LO	WEST paying p	neet)	nere. However,	if you're married				
				-			•				
3		-			iter the result here (if zero st of this worksheet		3				
				allowances on	the Form. Complete lines	4 through 9 bel	ow to figure the additiona	l withholding			
amo 4	ount necessary to	-				Λ					
4 5											
6	Subtract line 5 f										
7	Find the amount	t in Table 2 belo	w that applies to the HIC	GHEST paying p	ension or job and enter it	here					
8	Multiply line 7 b	y line 6 and ent	er the result here. This is	the additional	annual withholding needed	1	8 <u>\$</u>				
9					imple, divide by 8 if you're I amount line of the Form.						
	This is the addition	onal amount to	be withheld from each p	ayment,			9 \$				
			ole 1	-			ble 2				
	Married Filing J		All Others	s	Married Filing Joi		All Other	s			
	ages from LOWEST	Enter on	If wages from LOWEST	Enter on	If wages from HIGHEST	Enter on	If wages from HIGHEST	Enter on			
раут	ngjobor pension are \$0 - \$5,000	line 2 above 0	payingjoborpensionare— \$0 - \$7,000	line 2 above 0	payingjob or pension are— \$0 - \$24,375	line 7 above \$420	paying job or pension are — \$0 - \$7,000	line 7 above \$420			
	5,001 - 9,500	1	7,001 - 12,500	1	24,376 - 82,725	500	7,001 - 36,175	500			
	9,501 - 19,000 19,001 - 26,500	2 3	12,501 - 24,500 24,501 - 31,500	2 3	82,726 - 170,325 170,326 - 320,325	910 1,000	36,176 - 79,975 79,976 - 154,975	910 1,000			
	26,501 - 37,000	4	31,501 - 39,000	4	320,326 - 405,325	1,330	154,976 - 197,475	1,330			
	37,001 - 43,500	5	39,001 - 55,000	5	405,326 - 605,325	1,450	197,476 - 497,475	1,450			
	43,501 - 55,000	6	55,001 - 70,000	6	605,326 and over	1,540	497,476 and over	1,540			
	55,001 - 60,000	7	70,001 - 85,000	7							
	50,001 - 70,000 70,001 - 75,000	8 9	85,001 - 90,000 90,001 - 100,000	8 9							
	75,001 - 85,000	10	100,001 - 105,000	10							
	85,001 - 95,000	11	105,001 - 115,000	11							
	95,001 - 130,000	12	115,001 - 120,000	12							
	30,001 - 150,000	13	120,001 - 130,000	13							
	50,001 - 160,000	14	130,001 - 145,000	14 15							
	50,001 - 170,000 70,001 - 180,000	15 16	145,001 - 155,000 155,001 - 185,000	15 16							
	30,001 - 190,000	10	185,001 and over	10							
	90,001 - 200,000	18	,								
	00,001 and over	19									